**高中英语新课标3000词强化练习（9）**

## Part 1 单词默写

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| 单词 | 词性及词义 | 考频 |
| 801. disappointed\*\* | adj. 失望的 | 42 |
| 802. disaster\* | n.灾难，大祸 | 41 |
| 803. discipline\*\* | n.纪律；训练；处罚；学科vt.训练；惩罚；控制 | 11 |
| 804. discount\*\* | vt.从价格中打去（若干）折扣vi.打折扣出售商品n.折扣 | 22 |
| 805. discover | vt.发现，发觉；找到 | 132 |
| 806. discovery | n.发现；被发现的事物（或有才能的人） | 49 |
| 807. discrimination\*\* | n. 歧视；区别对待 | 4 |
| 808. discuss | vt.讨论 | 105 |
| 809. discussion | n. 讨论 | 68 |
| 810. disease\* | n.疾病 | 72 |
| 811. dish | n.菜肴；盘，碟 | 35 |
| 812. disk(disc)\*\* | n. 圆盘；电子唱片 | 2 |
| 813. dismiss\*\* | vt.解散；不再考虑；解雇vi.解散 | 7 |
| 814. display\*\* | n., v.展示 | 30 |
| 815. distance\* | n.距离，间距；远；远处 | 53 |
| 816. distant\*\* | adj. 远的 | 12 |
| 817. distinct\*\* | adj.有区别的，不同的；明显的 | 5 |
| 818. distinguish\*\* | vt.区分，辨别，分清（from）；认出；使区别于他物；[~oneself]使杰出 | 32 |
| 819. distribution\*\* | n. 分发；分配；分销；配送；（电影在影院的）发行，上映 | 6 |
| 820. district\*\* | n.地区，区域 | 8 |
| 821. disturb\*\* | vt.扰乱；使心神不安 | 32 |
| 822. dive\*\* | vi.潜水；跳水 | 24 |
| 823. diverse\*\* | adj. 不同的；相异的；多种多样的 | 18 |
| 824. divide | vt.分开；分隔；[数]除 | 33 |
| 825. division\*\* | n.分，分开；部门（如处、科等）；除法 | 5 |
| 826. dizzy\*\* | adj.头晕目眩的 | 3 |
| 827. do | v.做，干 | 3991 |
| 828. doctor | n.医生；博士（略作Dr.） | 135 |
| 829. document\* | vt.用文件（或文献等）证明；用纪实材料构成（影片、小说等）；纪实性地描述 | 23 |
| 830. dog | n.狗 | 177 |
| 831. dollar | n.元（美国、加拿大等国的货币单位） | 69 |
| 832. dolphin\* | n.海豚 | 16 |
| 833. domain\*\* | n. (知识、活动的）领域，范围，范畴；(尤指旧时个人、国家等所拥有或统治的)领土，领地，势力范围 | 0 |
| 834. domestic\*\* | adj.家庭的；驯养的；国内的 | 6 |
| 835. dominate\*\* | vt.支配，控制vi.处于支配地位；拥有优势 | 5 |
| 836. donate\* | vt.捐赠 | 31 |
| 837. door | n.门 | 137 |
| 838. dormitory\*\* | n.寝室；〈美>（学生）宿舍 | 8 |
| 839. double | adj.两倍的；加倍的vt.使加倍vi.增一倍；成为两倍 | 36 |
| 840. doubt | vt., n.怀疑，不相信 | 75 |
| 841. down | adv.向下；在下 | 464 |
| 842. download\* | v., n.[计]下载 | 3 |
| 843. downstairs\* | adv.往楼下；在楼下adj.在楼下的n.[用作单或复]楼下 | 7 |
| 844. downtown\* | adv.在城市商业区adj.商业区的n.（城镇的）商业区，中心区 | 22 |
| 845. dozen\*\* | n.一打，十二个 | 37 |
| 846. draft\*\* | n.草稿；草案v.起草 | 9 |
| 847. drag\*\* | vt.（沉重缓慢或费力地）拖，拉vi.拖着脚步走；拖沓地进行 | 13 |
| 848. dragon\* | n.龙 | 2 |
| 849. drama\*\* | n.戏剧；剧本 | 11 |
| 850. dramatic\*\* | adj.戏剧（性）的；给人深刻印象的 | 12 |
| 851. draw | vt.拉，拖；拔（牙等）；吸引；画，描绘；提取（存款等）vi.拉；被拉；画，绘制；有吸引力 | 96 |
| 852. drawer\*\* | n.抽屉 | 7 |
| 853. dream | n.梦，睡梦；理想v.做梦；梦想 | 171 |
| 854. dress | n.连衣裙；（外穿的）衣服；礼服vt.为……穿衣vi.穿衣 | 64 |
| 855. drill\*\* | n.钻头；训练；练习vi.钻孔；操练 | 7 |
| 856. drink | v.喝，饮n.饮料 | 147 |
| 857. drive | v.驾车；驱赶；迫使；驱使……拼命干；驱动n.驾驶；驱车旅行；私人车道；紧迫；冲动；干劲；运动 | 250 |
| 858. driver | n. 司机，驾驶员 | 112 |
| 859. drop | n.滴v.（使）落下，掉下；（使）滴下 | 92 |
| 860. drought\* | n. 长期缺乏，严重短缺；口渴；干旱，旱灾 | 16 |
| 861. drug\*\* | n.药（物）；麻醉药；毒品v.用药麻醉；吸毒 | 39 |
| 862. dry | vt.使干vi.变干adj.干的 | 56 |
| 863. duck | n.鸭 | 11 |
| 864. due to\* | 由于；因为 | 40 |
| 865. dumpling | n.汤团；饺子 | 5 |
| 866. duration\*\* | n. 持续，持续时间 | 3 |
| 867. during | prep.在……期间 | 233 |
| 868. dust\*\* | n.灰尘，尘土v.除去灰尘；擦灰 | 6 |
| 869. duty\* | n.责任，义务 | 38 |
| 870. dynamic\*\* | adj. 充满活力的，精力充沛的；动态的，发展变化的；力的，动力的n. 动力，活力；相互作用，动态；动力学 | 6 |
| 871. dynasty\*\* | n.朝代，王朝 | 7 |
| 872. each | adj.各；各自的；每pron.各个；每个adv.对各个；对每个 | 452 |
| 873. eager\* | adj.热切的，渴望的 | 28 |
| 874. eagle\*\* | n. 鹰，雕 | 9 |
| 875. ear | n. 耳朵 | 36 |
| 876. early | adj.早的；早期的；远古的adv.在早期；早；从前 | 276 |
| 877. earn\* | vt.赚得；挣得；获得 | 91 |
| 878. earth | n.地球；陆地；土vt.用土掩盖 | 84 |
| 879. earthquake | n.地震 | 8 |
| 880. ease\*\* | n.安适，悠闲；容易；不费力vt.解除（或减轻）……的痛苦（或负担等） | 10 |
| 881. east | n., adj.东；东方（的） | 30 |
| 882. eastern | adj.东部的 | 14 |
| 883. easy | adj.容易的；舒适的；安逸的；随和的 | 238 |
| 884. eat | v.吃；侵蚀；毁坏 | 264 |
| 885. ecology\*\* | n.生态学；生态 | 7 |
| 886. economic\*\* | adj.经济的 | 61 |
| 887. edge\*\* | n.边，边缘；刀口，刃；优势 | 40 |
| 888. editor\* | n.编辑；编者 | 39 |
| 889. education | n.教育 | 171 |
| 890. educator\*\* | n. 教育工作者，教师；教育家 | 14 |
| 891. effect\* | n.影响；效力，作用；结果 | 172 |
| 892. efficient\*\* | adj.效率高的；有能力的 | 12 |
| 893. effort\* | n.努力 | 145 |
| 894. egg | n.（鸟类的）蛋，鸡蛋；（鱼、昆虫等的）卵 | 44 |
| 895. eight | num. 八 | 50 |
| 896. eighteen | num. 十八 | 9 |
| 897. eighth | num. 第八 | 8 |
| 898. eighty | num. 八十 | 4 |
| 899. either | adv.也（用于否定句或否定词组后加强语气）adj.（两者之中）任一的pron.（两者之一）任何一个 | 94 |
| 900. elder | adj.年龄较大的；资格较老的 | 13 |

本词汇表共收 3000个单词，含义务教育阶段要求掌握的1500个单词。高中英语必修课程应学习和掌握500 个单词（表中加有一个 \* 号），累计达 2000。选择性必修课程应学习和掌握 1000 个单词（表中加有两个\*号），累计达3000。

## Part 2 选词填空

(1)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. discipline | B. domain | C. discount | D. dismiss | E. distinct |
| F. distribution | G. discrimination | H. distinguish | I. diverse | J. domestic |

1. The manager decided to \_\_\_ the meeting early due to the urgent situation.

2. She received a 20% \_\_\_ on her next purchase as a loyalty reward.

3. Effective \_\_\_ is necessary to maintain order and productivity in the workplace.

4. The data showed a clear \_\_\_ between the two sets of results.

5. The company aims to ensure equal \_\_\_ of resources among all employees.

6. He specializes in the \_\_\_ of artificial intelligence and machine learning.

7. The university offers a \_\_\_ range of courses to cater to all interests.

8. They faced \_\_\_ due to their different cultural background and beliefs.

9. The ability to \_\_\_ between right and wrong is crucial for moral development.

10. The brand is known for its high-quality \_\_\_ products that cater to everyday needs.

Answers: 1-5 DCAEF 6-10BIGHJ

(2)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. dominate | B. dynamic | C. downtown | D. drill | E. drought |
| F. eager | G. efficient | H. ecology | I. edge | J. ease |

The new skyscraper will \_\_\_ the skyline of the city's central business district.

The company's \_\_\_ team is always looking for innovative solutions to challenges.

He practices his presentation skills with a \_\_\_ every week.

Farmers are struggling to cope with the severe \_\_\_ affecting the region.

She was \_\_\_ to start her new job and meet her colleagues.

The advanced software helps to \_\_\_ the workload of administrative tasks.

The \_\_\_ of the coastal region is delicate and needs protection.

The athlete trained hard to gain a competitive \_\_\_ over his rivals.

The new manager implemented \_\_\_ methods to reduce costs and increase productivity.

The new policy aims to \_\_\_ the process of obtaining necessary permits for construction.

Answers: 1-5 ABDEF 6-10 JHIGC

## Part 3 中译英

1. 凡今天购买这款手机的顾客可享七折优惠。(discount)

Customers who purchase this mobile phone today can enjoy a 30% discount.

2. 做自我介绍时，不必面面俱到，而要突出你的与众不同之处。（distinguish）

When making self-introductions, you don’t need to present/cover all the aspects/details about yourself; instead, you should highlight/underline/emphasize/stress what distinguishes you from others.

3. 这个摄影师坚持每天用一张照片记录生活。(document)

The photographer insists on documenting his life with a photo every day.

4. 毫无疑问，越来越多的公司会认可“共享经济”。(doubt)

There is no doubt that more and more companies will accept “Sharing Economy”.

5. 为了吸引听众的注意，这个心理专家在开始讲座前，分享了他自己悲伤却励志的成长故事。 (draw)

To draw the audience’s attention, the psychologist shared his sad but inspiring story of growing up before starting the lecture.

6. 由于中国教育取得的巨大进步，中国已成为最受海外学生欢迎的留学目的地之一。(Due to)

Due to the significant progress made in Chinese education, China has become one of the most favored places for overseas students.

7. 任何人都不可能轻而易举获得成功。（ease）

It is impossible for anyone to achieve success with ease./ Nobody can achieve with ease.

8. 教师们不遗余力推进素质教育，旨在培养学生的创新精神和实践能力。(effort)

Teachers spare no efforts to promote the quality-oriented education, cultivating students’ spirit of innovation and practical ability.